

Roll No.

Total Pages : 4

13602/NH**A/2111****DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

Paper-II

Semester-I

Time Allowed : 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks : 40

Note : The candidates are required to attempt **one** question each from Sections A and B carrying 6 marks each and the entire Section C consisting of 8 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each.

SECTION—A

1. (a) Solve the differential equation :

$$(1 + y^2)dx + (1 + x^2)dy = 0. \quad 3$$

13602/NH/172/W/7,510

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(b) Solve the differential equation :

$$(x^2 + y^2 + 2x)dx + 2y dy = 0. \quad 3$$

2. Solve the differential equation :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x - y + 2}{x + y - 1}. \quad 6$$

3. Solve the differential equation :

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = x^2 + e^x + \cos 2x. \quad 6$$

4. (a) Solve $(D^4 - 2D^2 + D^2)y = x^2$. 3(b) Explain the method of variation of parameters with example. 3**SECTION—B**

5. Use operator method to find the general solution of the linear operator :

$$2 \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt} - x - y = 1$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt} + 2x - y = t. \quad 6$$

13602/NH/172/W/7,510 2

6. Solve Legendre's equation :

$$(1+x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x\frac{dy}{dx} + m(m+1)y = 0, \text{ m is any real or complex in power series about 0.} \quad 6$$

7. State and prove Rodrigue's formula. 6

8. Prove that $\int_{-1}^1 P_m(x)P_n(x)dx = 0$; if $m \neq n$. 6

SECTION—E

9. Attempt all the following questions : 8×2=16

(i) Define order and degree of a differential equation.

(ii) Solve the differential equation :

$$\sec^2 x \tan y \, dx + \tan x \sec^2 y \, dy = 0.$$

(iii) Find I.F. by inspection and solve :

$$x \, dx + y \, dy + 4y^3(x^2 + y^2)dy = 0.$$

(iv) Solve : $(D^4 - m^4)y = 0$.

(v) Define Bessel's equation and function.

(vi) Show that $\int_{-1}^1 P_2(x)dx = 0$.

(vii) Define the Frobenius method.

(viii) Prove that $J_n(-x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$, if n is positive integer.