

Subject: Analysis-II

Paper-V

Title of the Paper: Analysis-II (SEM-IV)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 40

Note: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from the Section A &amp; B.

Section C is compulsory.

## Section-A

- I. Define the Point-wise and Uniform convergence of sequence of functions. Show that the sequence  $f_n(x) = x^n$  is uniformly convergent on  $[0, k]$ ,  $k < 1$  and only pointwise convergent on  $[0, 1]$ . (6)
- II. Show that the series  $\sum x e^{-nx}$  does not converge uniformly in  $[0, 1]$ . (6)
- III (a) Show that the series, for which  $f_n(x) = \frac{nx}{1+n^2x^2}$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  cannot be differentiated term by term at  $x = 0$ . (3)
- (b) Test the uniform convergence of  $1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \dots$  in  $[-1, 1]$ . (3)
- IV. (a) Prove that the power series  $1 + \frac{a.b}{1.c}x + \frac{a(a+1).b(b+1)}{1.2 c(c+1)}x^2 + \dots$  has unit radius of convergence. (3)
- (b) Show that the power series  $\sum a_n x^n$  either
- (i) converges for *all* values of  $x$
  - (ii) converges *only* for  $x = 0$
  - (iii) converges for  $x$  in *some* region on the real line
- by giving example in each of the above three cases. (3)

Section-B

- V. Find the work done in moving a particle in the force field  $\vec{F} = 3x^2 \hat{i} + (2xz - y) \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$  along
- (i) the straight line from (0, 0, 0) to (2, 1, 3).
  - (ii) the curve defined by  $x^2 = 4y$ ,  $3x^3 = 8z$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 2$ . (6)
- VI. Show that  $\iint \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} dS = \frac{3}{2}$ ; where  $\vec{F} = 4xz \hat{i} - y^2 \hat{j} + yz \hat{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the cube bounded by the planes  $x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1$ . (6)
- VII. State the Gauss Divergence theorem of vector calculus. Use it to evaluate  $\int \vec{A} \cdot \vec{dS}$ , where  $\vec{A} = x^3 \hat{i} + y^3 \hat{j} + z^3 \hat{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ . (6)
- VIII. Verify Stoke's theorem for  $\vec{F} = (y - z + 2) \hat{i} + (yz + 4) \hat{j} - (xz) \hat{k}$  over the surface of a cube  $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0, x = 2, y = 2, z = 2$  above XOY plane. (6)

Section-C

- IX.
- (i) Show that 0 is a point of non-uniform convergence of the sequence  $f_n(x) = nxe^{-nx^2}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .
  - (ii) Define uniform convergence of series of functions.
  - (iii) Differentiate between radius of convergence and interval of convergence of a power series.
  - (iv) Find the radius of convergence and interval of convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n-3}}{(n-3)!}$ .
  - (v) Evaluate Curl Curl of  $\vec{V} = (2xz^2) \hat{i} - (yz) \hat{j} + (3xz^3) \hat{k}$  at (1, 1, 1).
  - (vi) The accelerating of a particle at any time  $t$  is given by  $\vec{a} = 18 \cos 3t \hat{i} - 8 \sin 2t \hat{j} + 6t \hat{k}$ . If the velocity  $\vec{v}$  and displacement  $\vec{r}$  be zero at  $t = 0$ , then find  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{r}$  at any time  $t$ .
  - (vii) State Green's theorem of vector calculus.
  - (viii) If  $\vec{r} = x \hat{i} + y \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$ , then find  $\text{grad } \vec{r}$  and  $\text{grad } \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$ . 2 × 8 = 16

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