

B-5/2110

ADVANCED CALCULUS - I
SEMESTER-III

TIME ALLOWED 3 Hrs

M.M 40

NOTE: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from Section A & B
Section C will be compulsory.

SECTION-A

I (a) Let $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1 & \text{if } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$ Show that f is not continuous at any point of \mathbb{R}^2

(3)

I (b) If $u = \log(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$, then show that $\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{(x+y+z)^2}$

(3)

II State and prove Young's Theorem.

(6)

III (a) Prove that $J_{f^{-1}}(\alpha, \beta) = \alpha$ for any (α, β) belonging to the range of $f(x, y)$, where

$$f(x, y) = \left(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, \tan^{-1}\frac{y}{x}\right).$$

(3)

III (b) Use Taylor's theorem to expand $x^2y + 3y - 2$ in powers of $x - 1$ and $y + 2$

(3)

IV Find the lengths of the axes of the section of ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$ by

$$\text{the plane } lx + my + nz = 0$$

(6)

SECTION-B

V (a) Prove that $\int_0^1 \left(\int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dy\right) dx \neq \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dx\right) dy$

(3)

V (b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \int_0^x x e^{-\frac{x^2}{y}} dy dx$ by changing the order of integration.

(3)

VI Prove that $\iint \sqrt{|y-x^2|} dx dy = \frac{3\pi+8}{6}$ over Area $A = [-1, 1] \times [0, 2]$.

(6)

VII (a) Find centroid of the hemispherical region

$$A = \{(x, y, z): x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1, z \geq 0\} \text{ where density } \mu(x, y, z) = x^2$$

(3)

VII (b) Find moment of inertia of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 \leq a^2$, $0 \leq z \leq h$ with uniform mass density 1 about the z-axis.

(3)

VIII (a) Find the volume of the portion of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ lying inside

$$\text{The cylinder } x^2 + y^2 = ax.$$

(3)

VIII (b) Evaluate $\iiint \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z-2)^2}}$, over region sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$

(3)

SECTION-C

IX (a) Show that the functions $u = x + y - z$, $v = x - y + z$, $w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2yz$

Are not independent of one another.

P.T.O

IX (b) If $z = f(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of x and y of degree n , then show that

$$x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = nz$$

IX (c) State Schwarz's Theorem.

IX (d) Show that point $(0, 0)$ is a saddle point of the function $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 + 3xy$.

IX (e) Find the centroid of a cubic box with side 2 unit and density 1

IX (f) If a region A is defined as $A = \{(x, y): 0 \leq x \leq 3, 2 \leq y \leq 5\}$,

then show that $108 \leq \iint (2x^2 + 3y^2) dx dy \leq 837$.

IX (g) Evaluate $\iint r^2 dr d\theta$ over the area included between circles $r = 2 \sin \theta$ and $r = 4 \sin \theta$.

IX (h) Evaluate $\iiint (z^5 + z) dx dy dz$ over region $V = \{(x, y, z): x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1\}$

(2 × 8 = 16)